

100G SR4 QSFP28 Optical Transceiver for Liquid Cooling

Description

The 100G QSFP28 SR4 is designed for use in 100-Gigabit Ethernet links up to 100m over Multi-Mode Fiber (MMF), particularly for liquid immersion environments. It is compliant with the QSFP28 MSA and IEEE 802.3bm 100GBASE-SR4 and CAUI-4 standards.

Digital diagnostics functions are available via the I2C interface, as specified by the QSFP28 MSA. The module integrates 4 data lanes in each direction with 4x25.78125Gb/s bandwidth and uses a 38-contact edge type electrical connector. The optical interface features a single male MPO-12 pigtail. This module incorporates proven circuit and VCSEL technology to deliver reliable long-term performance and consistent service.

As data traffic and heat flux from data center chips continue to grow, traditional air-cooling methods are under pressure. Liquid cooling technologies can remove heat more efficiently using dielectric fluids with high heat capacity, improving energy efficiency in data centers.



Features

- Hot-pluggable QSFP28 form factor
- 4 channels full-duplex transceiver module
- Supports 103.125Gb/s aggregate bit rate
- 4 channels 850nm VCSEL array
- 4 channels PIN photo-detector array
- Internal CDR circuits on both receiver and transmitter channels
- Supports CDR bypass
- 2W maximum power dissipation
- Maximum link length of 70m on OM3 MMF and 100m on OM4 MMF
- Single male MPO-12 pigtail
- Operating case temperature range: 0 to 60°C
- Single 3.3V power supply
- RoHS compliant (lead free)

Applications

- 100GBASE-SR4 100G Ethernet
- Especially design for liquid immersion environment

Advantage

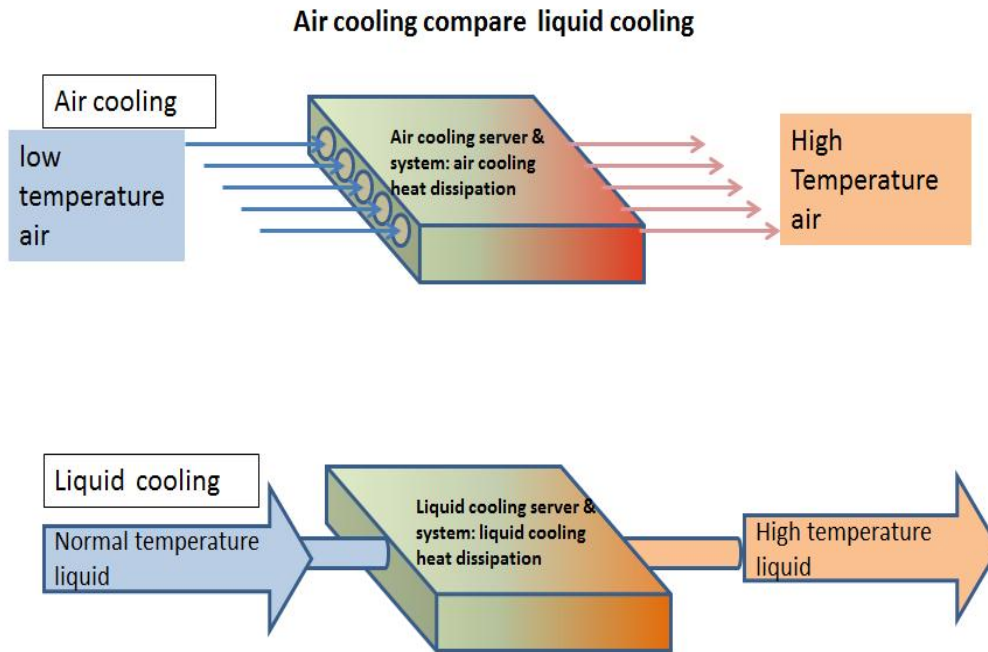


Figure 1. Liquid cooling advantage

Block Diagram

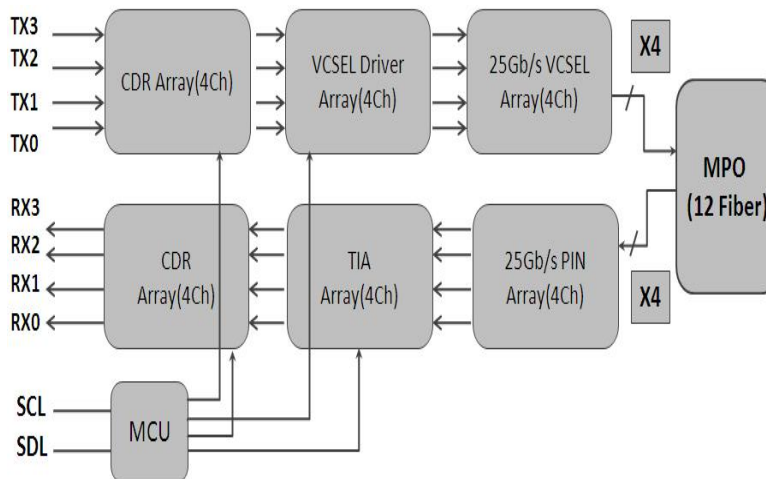


Figure 2. Module Block Diagram

The 100G QSFP28 SR4 is a parallel transceiver with the key technique of VCSEL and PIN array package, and can be contacted through I2C system.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	-0.3	3.6	V
Input Voltage	V_{in}	-0.3	$V_{cc}+0.3$	V
Storage Temperature	T_s	-20	85	°C
Case Operating Temperature	T_c	0	60	°C
Humidity (non-condensing)	Rh	5	95	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Operating Case temperature	T_c	0		60	°C
Data Rate Per Lane	fd		25.78125		Gb/s
Humidity	Rh	5		85	%
Power Dissipation	P_m			2	W
Fiber Bend Radius	R_b	3			cm
Liquid immersion depth				10	m

Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Differential Input Impedance	Z_{in}	90	100	110	ohm
Differential Output Impedance	Z_{out}	90	100	110	ohm
Differential Input Voltage Amplitude ¹	ΔV_{in}	300		1100	mVp-p
Differential Output Voltage Amplitude ²	ΔV_{out}	500		800	mVp-p
Skew	Sw			300	ps
Bit Error Rate	BER		5×10^{-5}		
Input Logic Level High	V_{IH}	2.0		V_{cc}	V
Input Logic Level Low	V_{IL}	0		0.8	V
Output Logic Level High	V_{OH}	$V_{cc}-0.5$		V_{cc}	V
Output Logic Level Low	V_{OL}	0		0.4	V

Note:

1. Differential input voltage amplitude is measured between TxnP and TxnN.
2. Differential output voltage amplitude is measured between RxnP and RxnN.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Transmitter					
Center Wavelength	λ_c	840	850	860	nm
RMS Spectral Width	$\Delta\lambda$			0.6	nm
Average Launch Power (each lane)	P_{out}	-8.4		2.4	dBm
Optical Modulation Amplitude (each lane)	OMA	-6.4		3	dBm
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure (each lane)	TDEC			4.3	dB
Extinction Ratio	ER	3			dB
Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter (each lane)	P_{off}			-30	dB
Eye Mask Coordinates ¹ : X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3		{0.3, 0.38, 0.45, 0.35, 0.41, 0.5}			
Receiver					
Center Wavelength	λ_c	840	850	860	nm
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity in OMA ²				-5.2	dBm
Average Power at Receiver Input (each lane)		-10.3		2.4	dBm
Receiver Reflectance	R_R			-12	dB
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-30			dBm
LOS De-Assert – OMA	LOS _D			-7.5	dBm
LOS Hysteresis	LOS _H	0.5			dB

Note:

1. Hit Ratio = 5×10^{-5}
2. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for BER= 10^{-5}

Pin Description

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description
1		GND	Module Ground ¹
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter inverted data input
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter non-inverted data input
4		GND	Module Ground ¹
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter inverted data input
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter non-inverted data input
7		GND	Module Ground ¹
8	LV TTL-I	MODSEIL	Module Select ²
9	LV TTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset ²
10		VCCR _x	+3.3V Receiver Power Supply
11	LVC MOS-I	SCL	2-wire Serial interface clock ²
12	LVC MOS-I/O	SDA	2-wire Serial interface data ²
13		GND	Module Ground ¹
14	CML-O	RX3+	Receiver non-inverted data output
15	CML-O	RX3-	Receiver inverted data output
16		GND	Module Ground ¹
17	CML-O	RX1+	Receiver non-inverted data output
18	CML-O	RX1-	Receiver inverted data output
19		GND	Module Ground ¹
20		GND	Module Ground ¹
21	CML-O	RX2-	Receiver inverted data output
22	CML-O	RX2+	Receiver non-inverted data output
23		GND	Module Ground ¹
24	CML-O	RX4-	Receiver inverted data output
25	CML-O	RX4+	Receiver non-inverted data output
26		GND	Module Ground ¹
27	LV TTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present, internal pulled down to GND
28	LV TTL-O	IntL	Interrupt output, should be pulled up on host board ²
29		VCCT _x	+3.3V Transmitter Power Supply
30		VCC1	+3.3V Power Supply
31	LV TTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode ²
32		GND	Module Ground ¹
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter non-inverted data input
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter inverted data input
35		GND	Module Ground ¹

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter non-inverted data input
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter inverted data input
38		GND	Module Ground ¹

Note:

1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
2. Open collector should be pulled up with 4.7K to 10K ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.

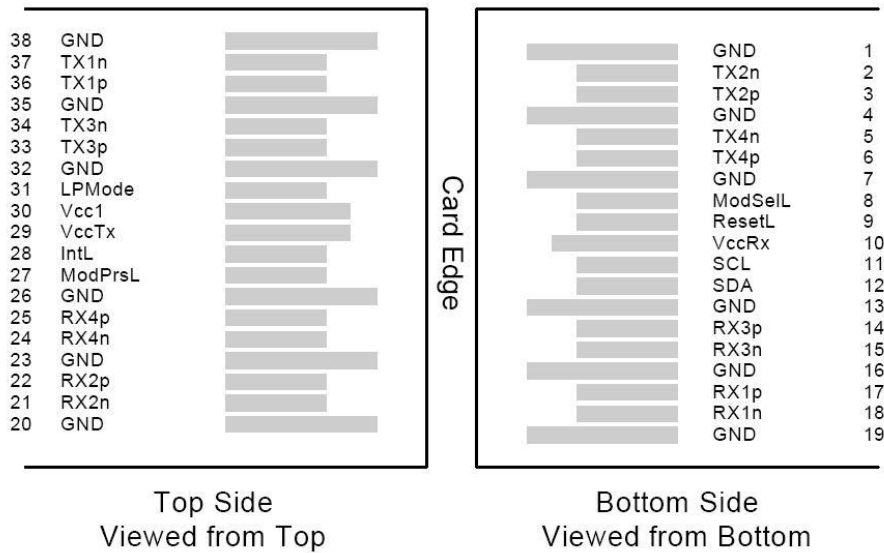


Figure 3. Electrical Pin-out Details

ModSelL Pin

The ModSelL is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP modules on a single 2-wire interface bus. When the ModSelL is "High", the module will not respond to any 2-wire interface communication from the host. ModSelL has an internal pull-up in the module.

ResetL Pin

Reset. LPMode_Reset has an internal pull-up in the module. A low level on the ResetL pin for longer than the minimum pulse length (t_Reset_init) initiates a complete module reset, returning all user module settings to their default state. Module Reset Assert Time (t_init) starts on the rising edge after the low level on the ResetL pin is released. During the execution of a reset (t_init) the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL signal with the Data_Not_Ready bit negated. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module will post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

LPMode Pin

QSFP28 modules operate in the low power mode (less than 1.5 W power consumption). This pin active high will decrease power consumption to less than 1W.

ModPrsL Pin

ModPrsL is pulled up to Vcc on the host board and grounded in the module. The ModPrsL is asserted "Low" when the module is inserted and deasserted "High" when the module is physically absent from the host connector.

IntL Pin

IntL is an output pin. When "Low", it indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt by using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled up to Vcc on the host board.

Power Supply Filtering

The host board should use the power supply filtering shown in Figure 3.

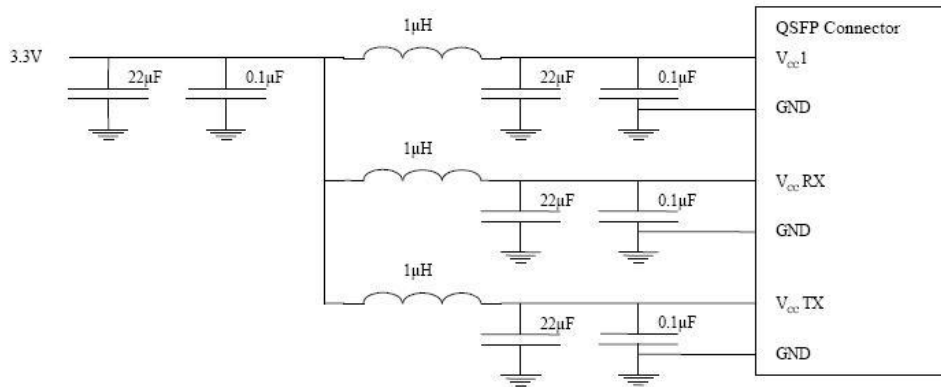
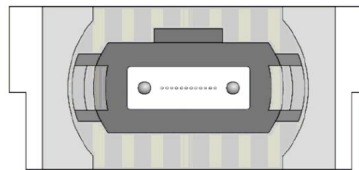


Figure 4. Host Board Power Supply Filtering

Optical Interface Lanes and Assignment

The optical interface port is a male MPO connector. The four fiber positions on the left as shown in Figure 4, with the key up, are used for the optical transmit signals (Channel 1 through 4). The fiber positions on the right are used for the optical receive signals (Channel 4 through 1). The central four fibers are physically present.



Transmit Channels: 1 2 3 4
 Unused positions: x x x x
 Receive Channels: 4 3 2 1

Figure 5. Optical Receptacle and Channel Orientation

DIAGNOSTIC MONITORING INTERFACE (OPTIONAL)

Digital diagnostics monitoring function is available on all FIBERSTAMP QSFP28 transceivers. A 2-wire serial interface provides user to contact with module.

The structure of the memory is shown in Figure 5. The memory space is arranged into a lower, single page, address space of 128 bytes and multiple upper address space pages. This structure permits timely access to addresses in the lower page, such as Interrupt Flags and Monitors. Less time critical time entries, such as serial ID information and threshold settings, are available with the Page Select function.

The interface address used is A0xh and is mainly used for time critical data like interrupt handling in order to enable a one-time-read for all data related to an interrupt situation. After an interrupt, IntL, has been asserted, the host can read out the flag field to determine the affected channel and type of flag.

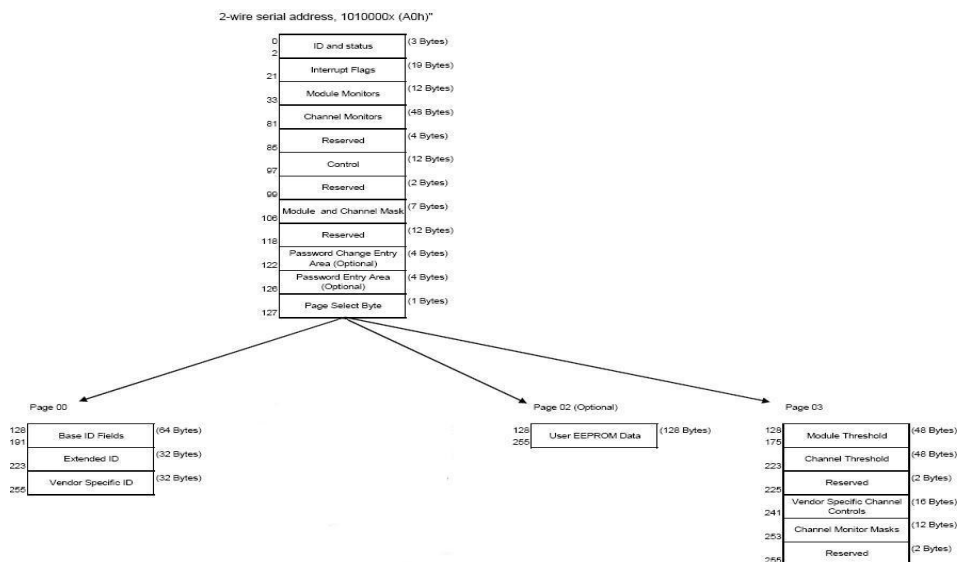


Figure 6. QSFP28 Memory Map

Byte Address	Description	Type
0	Identifier (1 Byte)	Read Only
1-2	Status (2 Bytes)	Read Only
3-21	Interrupt Flags (31 Bytes)	Read Only
22-33	Module Monitors (12 Bytes)	Read Only
34-81	Channel Monitors (48 Bytes)	Read Only
82-85	Reserved (4 Bytes)	Read Only
86-97	Control (12 Bytes)	Read/Write
98-99	Reserved (2 Bytes)	Read/Write
100-106	Module and Channel Masks (7 Bytes)	Read/Write
107-118	Reserved (12 Bytes)	Read/Write
119-122	Reserved (4 Bytes)	Read/Write
123-126	Reserved (4 Bytes)	Read/Write
127	Page Select Byte	Read/Write

Figure 7. Low Memory Map

Byte Address	Description	Type
128-175	Module Thresholds (48 Bytes)	Read Only
176-223	Reserved (48 Bytes)	Read Only
224-225	Reserved (2 Bytes)	Read Only
226-239	Reserved (14 Bytes)	Read/Write
240-241	Channel Controls (2 Bytes)	Read/Write
242-253	Reserved (12 Bytes)	Read/Write
254-255	Reserved (2 Bytes)	Read/Write

Figure 8. Page 03 Memory Map

Address	Name	Description
128	Identifier (1 Byte)	Identifier Type of serial transceiver
129	Ext. Identifier (1 Byte)	Extended identifier of serial transceiver
130	Connector (1 Byte)	Code for connector type
131-138	Transceiver (8 Bytes)	Code for electronic compatibility or optical compatibility
139	Encoding (1 Byte)	Code for serial encoding algorithm
140	BR, nominal (1 Byte)	Nominal bit rate, units of 100 Mbits/s
141	Extended RateSelect Compliance (1 Byte)	Tags for Extended RateSelect compliance
142	Length SMF (1 Byte)	Link length supported for SM fiber in km
143	Length E-50 μ m (1 Byte)	Link length supported for EBW 50/125 μ m fiber, units of 2 m
144	Length 50 μ m (1 Byte)	Link length supported for 50/125 μ m fiber, units of 1 m
145	Length 62.5 μ m (1 Byte)	Link length supported for 62.5/125 μ m fiber, units of 1 m
146	Length copper (1 Byte)	Link length supported for copper, units of 1 m
147	Device Tech (1 Byte)	Device technology
148-163	Vendor name (16 Bytes)	QSFP vendor name (ASCII)
164	Extended Transceiver (1 Byte)	Extended Transceiver Codes for InfiniBand [†]
165-167	Vendor OUI (3 Bytes)	QSFP vendor IEEE vendor company ID
168-183	Vendor PN (16 Bytes)	Part number provided by QSFP vendor (ASCII)
184-185	Vendor rev (2 Bytes)	Revision level for part number provided by vendor (ASCII)
186-187	Wavelength (2 Bytes)	Nominal laser wavelength (Wavelength = value / 20 in nm)
188-189	Wavelength Tolerance (2 Bytes)	Guaranteed range of laser wavelength (+/- value) from Nominal wavelength (Wavelength Tol. = value / 200 in nm)
190	Max Case Temp (1 Byte)	Maximum Case Temperature in Degrees C
191	CC_BASE (1 Byte)	Check code for Base ID fields (addresses 128-190)
192-195	Options (4 Bytes)	Rate Select, TX Disable, TX Fault, LOS
196-211	Vendor SN (16 Bytes)	Serial number provided by vendor (ASCII)
212-219	Date code (8 Bytes)	Vendor's manufacturing date code
220	Diagnostic Monitoring Type (1 Byte)	Indicates which type of diagnostic monitoring is implemented
221	Enhanced Options (1 Byte)	Indicates which optional enhanced features are implemented
222	Reserved (1 Byte)	Reserved
223	CC_EXT	Check code for the Extended ID Fields (addresses 192-222)
224-255	Vendor Specific (32 Bytes)	Vendor Specific EEPROM

Figure 9. Page 00 Memory Map

Page02 is User EEPROM and its format decided by user.

The detail description of low memory and Page 00. Page 03 upper memory please see SFF-8436 document.

Timing for Soft Control and Status Functions

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit	Conditions
Initialization Time	t_init	2000	ms	Time from power on 1, hot plug or rising edge of Reset until the module is fully functional ²
Reset Init Assert Time	t_reset_init	2	μs	A Reset is generated by a low level longer than the minimum reset pulse time present on the ResetL pin.
Serial Bus Hardware Ready Time	t_serial	2000	ms	Time from power on 1 until module responds to data transmission over the 2-wire serial bus
Monitor Data Ready Time	t_data	2000	ms	Time from power on 1 to data not ready, bit 0 of Byte 2, deasserted and IntL asserted
Reset Assert Time	t_reset	2000	ms	Time from rising edge on the ResetL pin until the module is fully functional ²
LPMode Assert Time	ton_LPMode	100	μs	Time from assertion of LPMode (Vin: LPMode=VIH) until module power consumption enters lower Power Level
IntL Assert Time	ton_IntL	200	ms	Time from occurrence of condition triggering IntL until Vout: IntL=VOL
IntL Deassert Time	toff_IntL	500	μs	Time from clear on read ³ operation of associated flag until Vout: IntL=VOH. This includes deassert times for Rx LOS, Tx
Rx LOS Assert Time	ton_los	100	ms	Time from Rx LOS state to Rx LOS bit set and IntL asserted
Tx Fault Assert Time	ton_Txfault	200	ms	Time from Tx Fault state to Tx Fault bit set and IntL asserted
Flag Assert Time	ton_flag	200	ms	Time from occurrence of condition triggering flag to associated flag bit set and IntL asserted
Mask Assert Time	ton_mask	100	ms	Time from mask bit set ⁴ until associated IntL assertion is inhibited
Mask Deassert Time	toff_mask	100	ms	Time from mask bit cleared ⁴ until associated IntL operation resumes
ModSelL Assert Time	ton_ModSelL	100	μs	Time from assertion of ModSelL until module responds to data transmission over the 2-wire serial bus
ModSelL Deassert Time	toff_ModSelL	100	μs	Time from deassertion of ModSelL until the module does not respond to data transmission over the 2-wire serial bus
Power_over-ride or Power-set Assert Time	ton_Pdown	100	ms	Time from P_Down bit set ⁴ until module power consumption enters lower Power Level
Power_over-ride or Power-set Deassert Time	toff_Pdown	300	ms	Time from P_Down bit cleared ⁴ until the module is fully functional ³

Note:

1. Power on is defined as the instant when supply voltages reach and remain at or above the minimum specified value.
2. Fully functional is defined as IntL asserted due to data not ready bit, bit 0 byte 2 deasserted.
3. Measured from falling clock edge after stop bit of read transaction.
4. Measured from falling clock edge after stop bit of write transaction.

Mechanical Dimensions

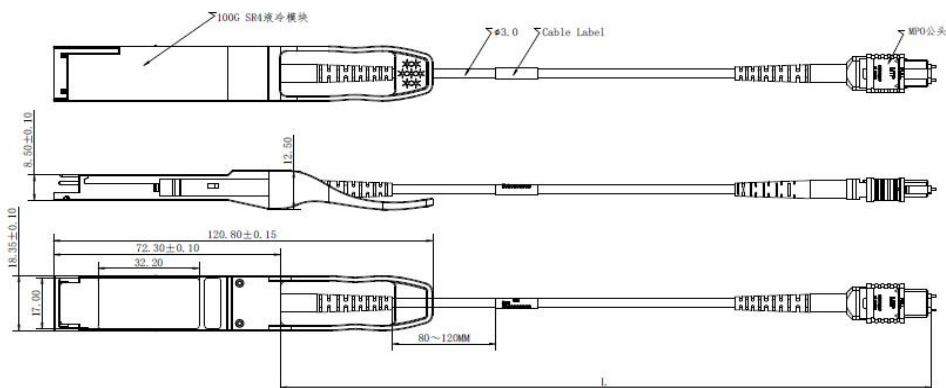


Figure 10. Mechanical Specifications

Regulatory Compliance

100G QSFP28 SR4 transceivers are Class 1 Laser Products. They meet the requirements of the following standards.

Feature	Standard
Laser Safety	IEC 60825-1:2014 (3 rd Edition) IEC 60825-2:2004/AMD2:2010 EN 60825-1:2014
Electrical Safety	EN 60825-2:2004+A1+A2 EN 62368-1: 2014 IEC 62368-1:2014 UL 62368-1:2014
Environmental protection	Directive 2011/65/EU with amendment (EU)2015/863
CE EMC	EN55032: 2015 EN55035: 2017 EN61000-3-2:2014
FCC	EN61000-3-3:2013 FCC Part 15, Subpart B ANSI C63.4-2014

References

1. QSFP28 MSA
2. Ethernet 100GBASE-SR4 IEEE802.3bm

CAUTION:

Use of controls or adjustment or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Important Notice

Performance figures, data and any illustrative material provided in this data sheet are typical and must be specifically confirmed in writing before they become applicable to any particular order or contract. In accordance with policy of continuous improvement specifications may change without notice.